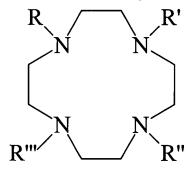
AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently amended) A chemical exchange saturation transfer contrast agent comprising:

a tetraazacyclododecane ligand having a general formula as follows:



wherein pendent arms R, R', R" and R" are amides having a general formula:

-CR₁H-CO-NH-CH₂-R₂, wherein R₁ includes organic substituents is selected from the group consisting of:

H;

Alkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Cycloalkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyloxy groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyl ethers having 10 oxygen atoms or less and 20 carbon atoms or less; and

Polyols having 20 carbon atoms or less, and

R₂ is not hydrogen is selected from the group consisting of:

-COOEt;

-COO;

-POOEt;

 $-PO_3^{-2}$;

pyridine; and

phenol;

a paramagnetic metal ion coordinated to said tetraazacyclododecane ligand wherein said paramagnetic metal is selected from the group consisting of:

 Eu^{3+} ;

 Tb^{3+} ;

 Dy^{3+} ;

 Ho^{3+} ;

 Pr^{3+} ;

 Nd^{3+} ;

Sm³⁺;

Er3+; and

Tm³⁺; and

a water molecule <u>bound to</u> associated with said tetraazacyclododecane ligand and said paramagnetic metal ion wherein said water molecule has a $\Delta\omega \bullet \tau_M \geq 1$ and a $\Delta\omega \geq 6$ ppm.

Claims 2-3 (Canceled)

4. (Previously presented) The contrast agent as recited in Claim 2 wherein said $\Delta\omega \ge 20$ ppm.

Claim 5-6 (Canceled)

- 7. (Original) The contrast agent as recited in Claim 1 wherein said R₂ does not have a proton exchangeable group.
- 8. (Original) The contrast agent as recited in Claim 7 wherein said R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:

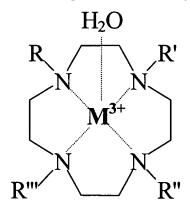
Alkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Cycloalkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;
Alkyloxy groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;
Alkyl ethers having 10 oxygen atoms or less and 20 carbon atoms or less; and
Polyols having 20 carbon atoms or less.

Claim 9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently amended) A method of using a magnetic resonance (MR) <u>chemical exchange</u> <u>saturation transfer contrast</u> agent, comprising:

subjecting a contrast agent contained within a sample to a radio frequency pulse wherein said contrast agent is a tetraazacyclododecane ligand having a general formula of:



wherein pendent arms R, R', R'' and R''' comprise organic substituents are amides having a general formula:

-CR₁H-CO-NH-CH₂-R₂, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of:

<u>H;</u>

Alkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Cycloalkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyloxy groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyl ethers having 10 oxygen atoms or less and 20 carbon atoms or less; and

Polyols having 20 carbon atoms or less, and

R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:

-COOEt;

<u>-COO</u>;

-POOEt;

 $-PO_3^{-2}$;

pyridine; and

phenol and said tetraazacyclododecane ligand further includes a paramagnetic

metal ion (M³⁺) coordinated to said tetraazacyclododecane ligand wherein said paramagnetic metal is selected from the group consisting of:

Eu³⁺;

 Tb^{3+} :

 Dy^{3+} ;

Ho³⁺;

Pr³⁺;

 Nd^{3+} ;

Sm³⁺;

Er³⁺; and

 $\overline{\text{Tm}}^{3+}$, and a water molecule (H₂O) bound to associated with said tetraazacyclododecane ligand and said paramagnetic metal wherein said water molecule has a $\Delta\omega \bullet \tau_M \geq 1$ and a $\Delta\omega \geq 6$ ppm; and

obtaining a magnetization transfer signal by applying a radio frequency pulse at a resonance frequency of said water molecule.

- 11. (Previously presented) The method as recited in Claim 10 wherein said $\Delta\omega \ge 20$ ppm.
- 12. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 10 further includes producing a magnetization transfer magnetic resonance image from said magnetization transfer signal.
- 13. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 10 further includes applying said radio frequency pulse as a saturating pulse.

Claim 14. (Canceled)

15. (Currently Amended) The method as recited in Claim 10 14 wherein said pendent arms are

identical and have the general formula:

-CHR₁-CO NR₂-R₃, wherein R₁, R₂ and R₃ comprise organic substituents.

Claim 16-20 (Canceled)

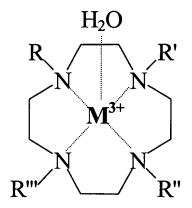
21. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 14 wherein said pendent arms R and R" are identical, said pendent arms R' and R" are identical, and said pendent arms R' and R" are not equal to said pendent arms R and R".

Claim 22 (Canceled)

23. (Original) The method as recited in Claim 14 further includes obtaining said magnetization transfer signal by applying a radio frequency pulse at a resonance frequency of said protons associated with said amide.

24. (Currently amended) A magnetic resonance system, comprising:

a magnetic resonance (MR) <u>chemical exchange saturation transfer</u> contrast agent, wherein said MR agent tetraazacyclododecane ligand, having a general formula of:



wherein pendent arms R, R', R'' and R''' comprise organic substituents are amides having a general formula:

-CR₁H-CO-NH-CH₂-R₂, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of:

<u>H;</u>

Alkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Cycloalkyl groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyloxy groups having 20 carbon atoms or less;

Alkyl ethers having 10 oxygen atoms or less and 20 carbon atoms or less; and

Polyols having 20 carbon atoms or less, and

R₂ is selected from the group consisting of:

-COOEt;

-COO;

-POOEt;

 $-PO_3^{-2}$;

pyridine; and

phenol, and said tetraazacyclododecane ligand further includes a paramagnetic metal ion (M³⁺) coordinated to said tetraazacyclododecane ligand wherein said paramagnetic

metal is selected from the group consisting of:

 \underline{Eu}^{3+} :

Tb³⁺:

 Dy^{3+} ;

 Ho^{3+} ;

 Pr^{3+} ;

 Nd^{3+} ;

Sm³⁺;

Er³⁺; and

 $\overline{\text{Tm}^{3+}}$, and a water molecule (H₂O) <u>bound to</u> <u>associated with</u> said tetraazacyclododecane ligand <u>and said paramagnetic metal</u> wherein said water molecule has a $\Delta\omega \bullet \tau_M \geq 1$ and a $\Delta\omega \geq 6$ ppm, and wherein said MR contrast agent produces a magnetization transfer signal when subjected to a radio frequency pulse; and

a magnetic resonance apparatus configured to produce said frequency pulse.

- 25. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, further comprising a sample containing said MR contrast agent.
- 26. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, wherein said sample is a living subject.
- 27. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, wherein said magnetic resonance apparatus produces a magnetization transfer image of said sample from said magnetization transfer signal.
- 28. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 27, wherein said magnetic resonance apparatus produces said magnetization transfer image by applying said radio

frequency pulse at a resonance frequency of said water molecule.

- 29. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 28, wherein said magnetic resonance apparatus produces a magnetization transfer difference image by applying said radio frequency pulse at a $\Delta\omega$ of said water molecule, acquiring said magnetization transfer signal and subtracting said signal from a MR signal obtained by applying a radio frequency pulse at $-\Delta\omega$.
- 30. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 27, wherein said magnetic resonance apparatus produces said magnetization transfer image by applying said radio frequency pulse at a resonance frequency of protons associated with an amide included in one or more of said pendent arms.
- 31. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, wherein said radio frequency pulse is produced by said magnetic resonance apparatus and is a saturating pulse.
- 32. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, wherein said saturating pulse is applied at a resonance frequency of said water molecule.
- 33. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24, wherein said saturating pulse ranges from about 1 to about 3 seconds.
- 34. (Previously presented) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24 wherein said water molecule has a $\Delta\omega \bullet \tau_M \ge 4$.
- 35. (Original) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24 wherein said $\Delta \omega \ge 20$ ppm.
- 36. (Previously presented) The magnetic resonance system recited in Claim 24 wherein said

 $\Delta\omega \bullet \tau_M \geq 1$ occurs at a temperature of at least about 22°C.